

Summary

During the credit crisis, worldwide financial institutions have recognized \$1.6 trillion in losses on all types of financial products, including loans, CDOs, asset-backed securities, derivatives, etc. **Of note, less than 4% of such losses were the result of derivatives (more than half of which came solely from AIG).** In fact, of the financial products that resulted in losses for banks, there were 13 other types of products that had a greater impact on bank losses than derivatives.

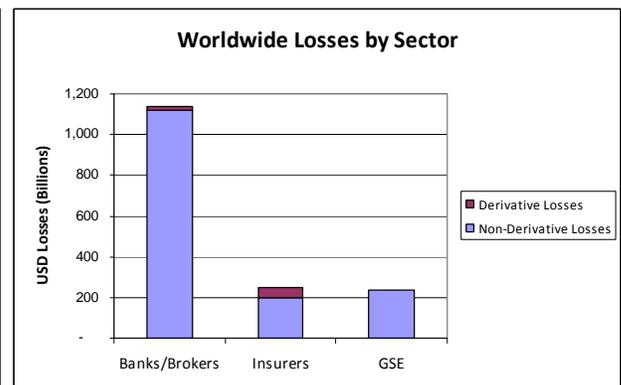
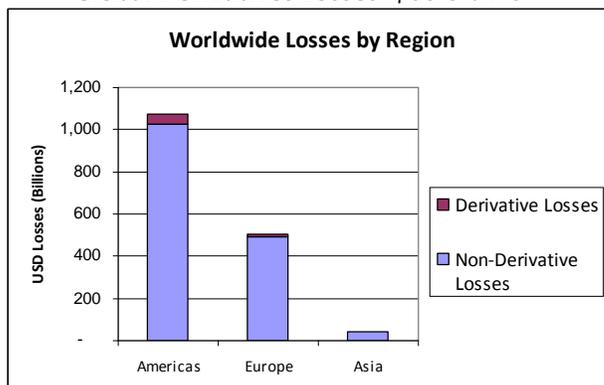
Conclusions

- During the credit crisis, worldwide financial institutions have recognized \$1.6 trillion in losses on all types of financial products, destabilizing the worldwide financial system.
 - Less than 4% of such losses were the result of derivatives
 - The US accounted for two thirds of the global losses on all types of financial products
- In the US, derivatives have accounted for less than 5% of total US losses among financial institutions.
 - Of that amount, insurers accounted for 77% of US derivative losses; AIG alone accounted for 76% of all US losses on derivatives
 - Banks/broker losses on derivatives represented less than 1% of their total losses (\$5.6 billion out of \$628 billion in total losses)
 - Of the financial products that resulted in losses for banks, there were 13 other types of products that had a greater impact on bank losses than derivatives
- The OCC offers the following commentary in its quarterly report on derivatives explaining the low incidence of loss on derivatives. *“The low incidence of charge-offs on derivatives exposures results from two main factors: 1) the credit quality of the typical derivatives counterparty is higher than the credit quality of the typical C&I borrower; and 2) most of the large credit exposures from derivatives, whether from other dealers, large non-dealer banks or hedge funds, are collateralized, typically by cash and/or government securities, on a daily basis.”*

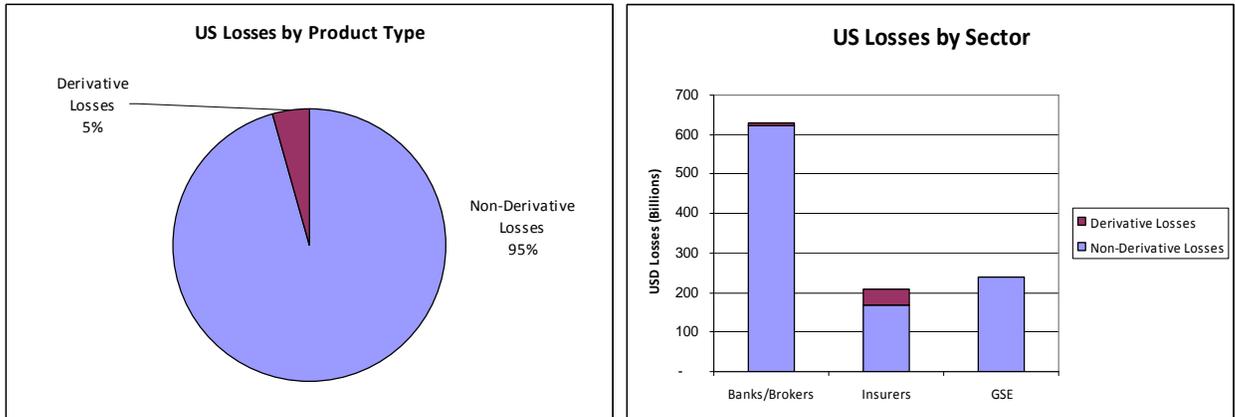
Detailed Statistics

Data includes losses during the credit crisis (3Q 2007 through and including any losses reported as of 9/18/09)

- **Global Losses at Financial Institutions:** \$1.62 trillion in losses on all financial products (including loans, CDOs, etc.)
- **Global Derivatives Losses:** \$60.8 billion



- **US Losses at Financial Institutions:** \$1.08 trillion in losses on all financial products (including loans, CDOs, etc.)
- **US Derivatives Losses:** \$49.0 billion



- \$628 billion of *US* losses were from banks/brokers
 - \$5.6 billion of those losses were from derivatives (1.2% of total US losses)
- \$248 billion of *US* losses were from insurance companies
 - \$43.4 billion of those losses were from derivatives (20.6% of total US losses)
 - \$37.2 billion of those losses were from AIG (3.5% of total US losses; 76% of total US derivatives losses)
- \$238 billion of *US* losses were from GSEs (Fannie/Freddie)
 - \$0 billion of those losses were from derivatives (0% of total US losses)

Source: Bloomberg 9/18/09, WDCI Function